

QUESTION: (HD 1204) In the abstract of a paper that appeared in [JPAA, 214(9) (2010), 1633-1641] D'Anna, Finocchiaro and Fontana mention as classical the constructions  $A+XB[X]$ ,  $A+XB[[X]]$  and  $D+M$ . Where can I learn about these constructions?

Answer: The best way should be to look up the references at the end but, apparently, while for the other "classical" constructions the sources are adequately indicated I could not find any reference to the above mentioned constructions, except for a 2001 paper by Dobbs and Khalis on the  $A + XB[[X]]$  construction and one on the Krull and valuative dimensions of  $A + XB[[X]]$  construction, hardly representative. In any case you can look up my survey on this topic: Various facets of rings between  $D[X]$  and  $K[X]$  [Comm. Alg. 31(5) (2003), 2497-2540]. This paper though essentially addresses the  $A + XB[X]$  construction it gives references to the important sources on the  $A+XB[[X]]$  construction (Dumitrescu, Salihi, Radu, Shah [Comm. Algebra 28(3) (2000), 1125-1139]) and on the general  $D+M$  construction (Brewer and Rutter [Michigan Math J. 23(1) (1976), 33-42]). Fontana should remember this paper well. This paper part appeared, with a funny title, in ["Commutative Ring Theory and Applications" Volume 231 (2003), Dekker Lecture Notes series] and Fontana was an Editor.

To make sure that you learn something more than just references, let me also mention that the  $D + M$  constructions were initially studied by Bastida and Gilmer [Michigan Math. J. 20 (1973), 79-95] in a somewhat restricted set up. The basic set up of Bastida and Gilmer was: Let  $V$  be a valuation domain expressible as  $K + M$ , where  $K$  is a field and  $M$  is the maximal ideal of  $V$ , and let  $D$  be a subring of  $K$ . Then  $R = D + M$  is a subring, of  $V$ , called the  $D + M$  construction. (An easy example of such a  $V$  is  $K[[X]] = K + XK[[X]]$ .) On the other hand the general  $D + M$  construction of Brewer and Rutter goes as: Let  $R$  be a domain such that  $R$  can be written as  $R = K + M$  where  $K$  is a field and  $M$  is a maximal ideal of  $R$  then for a subring  $D$  of  $K$  the ring  $D + M$  is dubbed as the general  $D + M$  construction. (A prototype of such an  $R$  is  $R = K[X] = K + XK[X]$ .)

While I am at it, let me also describe the other two constructions. Let  $B$  be an integral domain,  $A$  a subring of  $B$  and let  $X$  be an indeterminate over  $B$ . Then  $A + XB[X] = \{f \in B[X] : f(0) \in A\}$ . To my knowledge this type of constructions first appeared as the  $D + XD_S[X]$  construction in a paper of mine with Costa and Mott [J. Algebra 53(1978), 423-439] and the more general  $A + XB[X]$  in a paper of mine with Dan and David Anderson [Houston J. Math. 17(1) (1991), 109-129]. Next, likewise,  $A + XB[[X]] = \{f \in B[[X]] : f(0) \in A\}$ , with  $A, B, X$  described as above. About  $A + XB[[X]]$  construction I do not know much except that Mohammed Khalis wrote a thesis, in French, on these constructions in 2001 at University of Ben Abdellah, Fez Morocco.